2024 Consumer Confidence Report for Public Water System PENDLETON WSC

This is your water quality report for January 1 to December 31, 2024

For more information regarding this report contact: Rhonda Ward

PENDLETON WSC provides surface water and ground water from the Trinity Aquifer and surface water from Lake Belton, Bluebonnet WSC located in Bell County.

Name Pendleton Water Supply Corporation

Phone 254-773-5876

Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono (254) 773-5876.

Definitions and Abbreviations

Definitions and Abbreviations The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Avg: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our

water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred

and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found In our water system on multiple occasions.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial

contaminants

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to

control microbial contaminants.

MFL million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

mrem: millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

na: not applicable.

NTU nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)

pCi/L picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

Definitions and Abbreviations

ppb: micrograms per liter or parts per billion
ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million

parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L)

parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/t.)

Treatment Technique or IT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water,

Information about your Drinking Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil
 and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office.

You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Information about Source Water

Pendleton WSC purchases water from Bluebonnet WSC. Bluebonnet WSC provides purchased surface water from take Belton located in Bell County.

Pendleton WSC purchased water from Bluebonnet WSC that has been treated with Chloramines. Any additional Chlorination of our ground water is done with Chlorine Gas.

TCEQ completed an assessment of your source water, and results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system is based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detections of these contaminants will be found in this Consumer Confidence Report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system contact Brandon Berry at 254-749-3294

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	09/13/2022	1.3	1.3	0.1229	0	ppm	N	Eroslon of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corroslon of household plumbing
Lead	09/13/2022	0	15	0	1	ррь	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

2024 Water Quality Test Results

Detected Samples	Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	WCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
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Service Line Inventory availability statement:
The Pendleton Water Supply Corporation has developed an inventory of member owned service lines.
To access the Service Line Inventory, please visit - www.pendletonwsc.com or contact the office at 254-773-5876.

Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2024	32	0 - 29	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
The value in the Highest Level or A	verage Detected col	umn is the highest av	rerage of all HAAS sar	nple results collected at	a location over a	year	and the second of the second	Leave the second
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2024	14	2.7 - 18.9	No goal for the total	80	dqq	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

[&]quot;The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTIM sample results collected at a location over a year

Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Barlum	05/25/2022	0.0569	0.0569 - 0.0569	2	2	ppm	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	05/25/2023	0.55	0.55 - 0.55	4	4.0	ppm	N	Eroston of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teath: Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nitrate [measured as Nitroger1]	2024	1	0.51 - 0.51	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.
Solenium	05/25/2022	3	3 - 3	50	50	ppb	N	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines.

Disinfectant Residual

A blank disinfectant residual table has been added to the CCR template, you will need to add data to the fields. Your data can be taken off the Disinfectant Level Quarterly Operating Reports (DLQOR).

DisInfectant Residual	Year	Average Level	Range of Levels Detected	MRDI.	MRDLG	Unit of Messure	Violation (Y/N)	Source in Drinking Water
Chloramine	2024	1.51	.69 - 2,6	4	4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

Violations

Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR)			
	•		coll are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Human thes, or other symptoms. They may pose a greater health risk for infants, young children,
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE, MAJOR (RTCR)	07/01/2024	07/31/2024	We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated.

Our operators failed to submit a routine monthly sample in July. We were brought back into compliance in August when the samples were submitted.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for Pendleton WSC

Our system failed to collect every required coliform sample. Although this incident was not an emergency, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did (are doing) to correct this situation.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During July 2024 we did not monitor or test for coliform bacteria and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do at this time. You may continue to drink the water. If a situation arises where the water is no longer safe to drink, we are required to notify you within 24 hours.

What is being done?

Describe corrective action, for example: We collected every required coliform sample in August 2024 and are no longer in violation.

For more information, please contact Brandon Berry at 254-773-5876.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by Pendleton WSC. Public Water System ID#: 0140033. Date distributed: Sept 1, 2025.